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## Who are we?

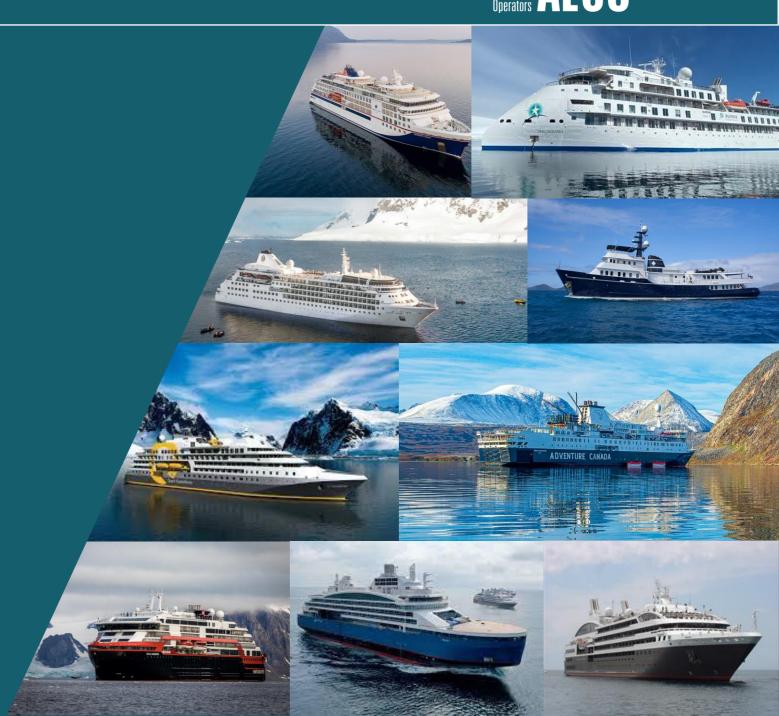
- Association of Arctic Expedition Cruise Operators
- Vessel operators, vessel owners, vessel management companies and affiliate companies with interest in the industry
- Established in 2003





## Role

- Ensure environmentally friendly, responsible and safe cruise tourism in the Arctic
- Advocate for the expedition cruise industry and AECO's members' interests
- 63 international members
  - 57 operating vessels (2022)











## THE EXPEDITION CRUISE EXPERIENCE

Follow strict guidelines, educates guest and leave minimal impact

Nature landings, wildlife, cultural

remains and local communities

Destination immersion and

Small groups (maximum size)

**EXCURSIONS** 

PRODUCT FOCUS

DESTINATIONS

GUEST MANAGEMENT

20:1

learning experience

Max guest to staff ratio

Guides with local knowledge and experience





1

# **OPERATIONS CRUISE** ARCTIC (

#### CONVENTIONAL **CRUISE OPERATIONS**

IMO

Mostly more than 500 guests

HFO & MGO

Fixed

Towns/populated areas

Vessel experience. entertainment on board.

CLIA



Mostly up to 500 guests

MGO, sail & hybrid

**AECO** 





#### **SMALL VESSEL CRUISE OPERATIONS**

National and/or flag state

Mostly up to 12 guests.

MGO, sail & hybrid technology

Highly flexible

Nature landings and local

Individual company standards





LEGAL FRAMEWORK



SIZE



FUEL



INFRASTRUCTURE & HARBOR NEEDS



**ITINERARIES** 



DESTINATIONS



**PRODUCT** 



INDUSTRY ASSOCIATIONS



**INDUSTRY STANDARDS** 



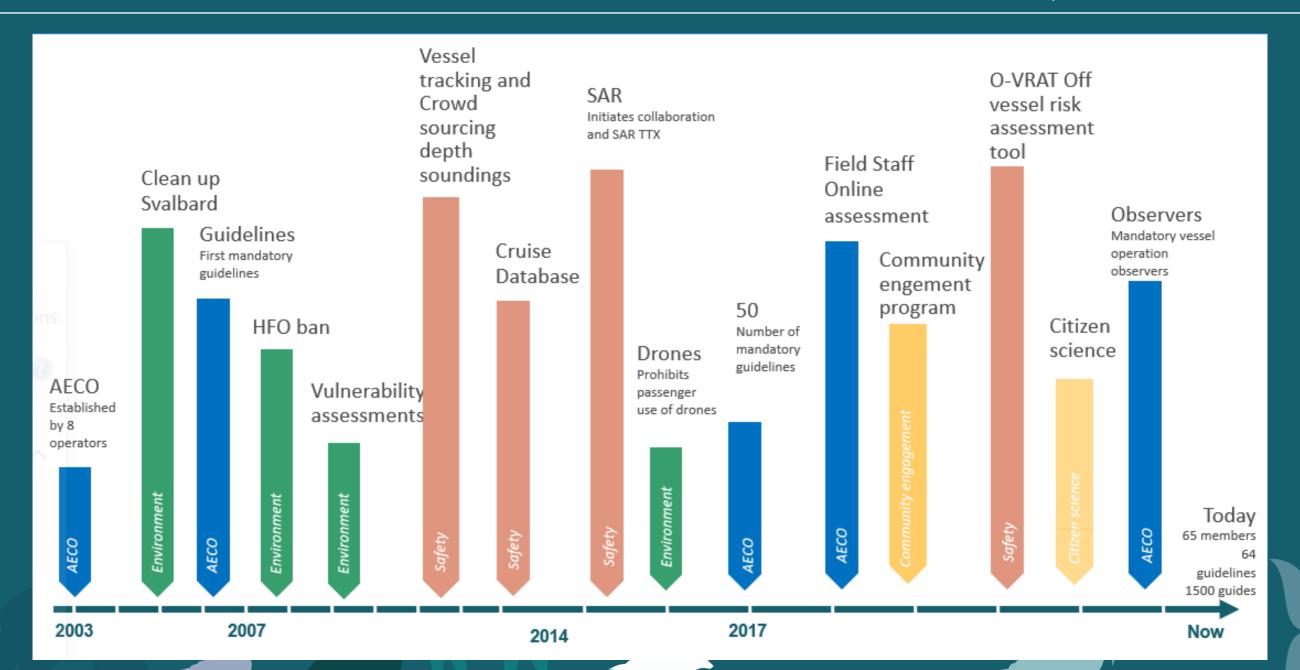




Safety

Community engagement

New pillars, e.g. climate change, Citizen science





## AECO's guidelines

The backbone of AECO's work

- Operational Guidelines
- Visitor Guidelines
- Cleanup Guidelines
- Community Guidelines
- Biosecurity Guidelines
- Vegetation Guidelines
- Cultural Remains Guidelines















"Active participation by tourists in authentic research and data collection could alter the tourist gaze by providing a deeper understanding of the environment they are visiting and a fuller sense of place."

"the process of scientific data collection, can serve to enhance and deepen the visitor experience, such that passengers could return home more aware of the discrepancy between their expectation of the Arctic as a place separate from human interference, and the reality of the Arctic as impacted by human activity."

# Arctic expedition cruise tourism and citizen science: a vision for the future of polar tourism

Audrey R. Taylor, Þórný Barðadóttir, Sarah Auffret, Annette Bombosch, Allison Lee Cusick, Edda Falk and Amanda Lynnes

(Information about the authors can be found at the end of this article.)

#### Abstract

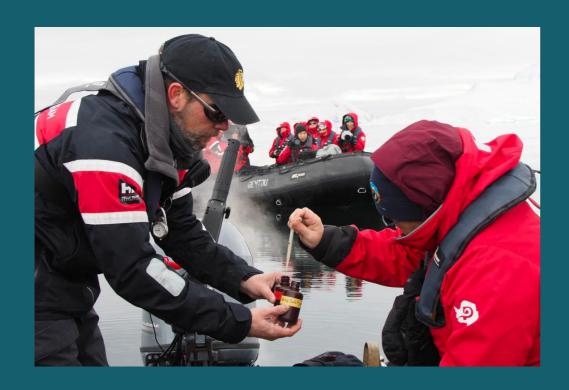
Purpose – The purpose of this paper is to provide a conceptual framework for using citizen science – defined as a data collection method through which non-professionals engage in contributing to authentic scientific inquiry – within the expedition cruise industry to contribute significantly to the collection of environmental data from hard-to-access Arctic areas.

Design/methodology/approach – The authors review trends in Arctic expedition cruise tourism and current needs in Arctic research and monitoring, and clarify where the expedition cruise tourism industry could have the most impact by providing data to the scientific community. The authors also compare the regulatory context in the Antarctic to that in the Arctic and discuss how these differences could affect the widespread use of citizen science. At last, the authors describe some general principles for designing citizen science programs to be successful on board, and highlight several existing programs that are being recognized for their contributions to a greater scientific understanding of the Arctic.

Findings – The authors find that citizen science data from the expedition cruise industry are underutilized as a tool for monitoring Arctic change. Numerous examples illustrate how citizen science programs on-board expedition ships can successfully collect robust scientific data and contribute to enhancing the knowledge and stewardship capacity of cruise passengers. Inclusion of citizen science data from the expedition cruise industry should be considered a critical part of international Arctic observing networks and systems.

Social implications – Active participation in Arctic citizen science by tourists on expedition cruise ships has many potential benefits beyond the collection of high quality data, from increasing passengers' knowledge and understanding of the Arctic while on board, to affecting their attitudes and behaviors after they return home.

Originality/value – The potential for tourism to contribute to Arctic observing systems has been discussed previously in the scientific literature; the authors narrow the focus to citizen science programs in the



For scientists, citizen science offers a way to collect information that would otherwise be unaffordable and inaccessible.

-Tulloch et al 2013

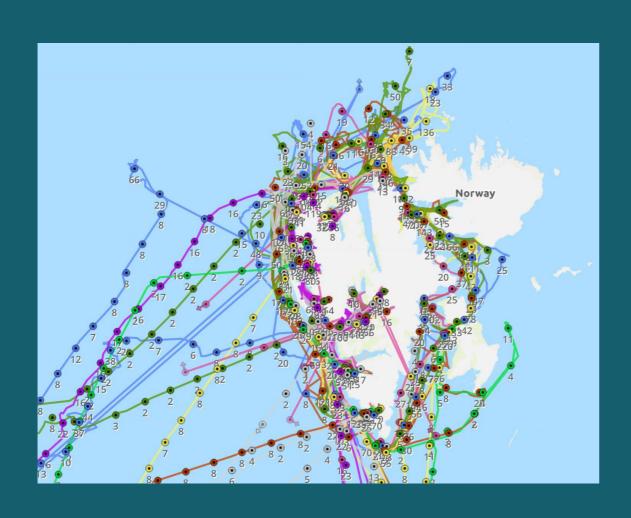
"Builds a cooperative space for people to work together in research"

-Jarvis et al 2015









- Platforms of opportunity
- Climate changes are occurring most dramatically exactly where arctic expedition cruise tourism is most present
- Alleviate the high costs and complexities of accessing the Arctic
- Our members are frequently in remote areas, which are hard and expensive to get to







• Educates tourists and creates stewards/ambassadors of the environment

#### Comments from the guests on board:

- "...added great value to the educational program on board"
- "...linked the lectures to science projects"
- "...feel part of something important, not just cruising"



Experience and education amongst guides

*A study from November 2021 – 513 respondents* 

74% with four or more years of higher education

- Majority nature studies, archeology and history

98% have finished first-aid training

47% have advanced first-aid training

77% have learned crisis management

40% have more than 10 years experience

88% have more than 2 years experience

44% have experience in research work



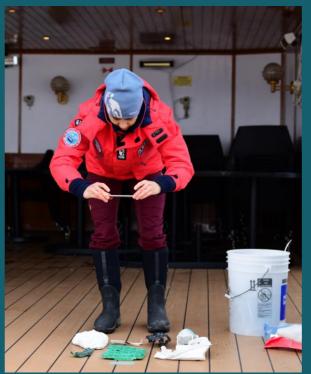


## **Involvement in research**





Established projects



PERRINE GERAUDIE, Akvaplan-niva

Welcome external scientists on board



PHOTO BY MELISSA NACKE, AECO

Collect samples or data for research institutions





AECO members are involved in:











+ Norwegian Polar InstituteMarine Mammal Sightings+ NIVA FerryBox





- Users submit photos of marine mammal encounters
- Happywhale identifies the whales by their unique markings
- Happywhale tracks your whales around the globe
- State-of-the-art image processing algorithms to match whale photos with scientific collections
- 501,841 Photos submitted
- 199,478 Identified Encounters
- 80,614 Individuals identified











## On board

- Education is an integrated part of the expedition cruise product
- All AECO members have lectures on board
- Biology, botany, geology, glaciology, oceanography, ornithology





## On board



- Expedition cruising evolved from scientific expeditions
- Many of the newer vessels are equpped with science labs
- Increases the understading
- Important to communicate the findings to the greater public





















## Types of involvement



Vessel



Guides and staff



Guests





## **How can AECO contribute?**

- Open the door to AECO's operators
- Coordination between AECO operators
- Communcitae to guests on board
- Promote projects
- Communicate results

## When do we get involved?

- Only certain projects are relevant for AECO
- Experimental design has to fit the scope and concept of the trip
- Researches have lectures on board
- Results have to be valuable to and shared with the public
- Roles and responsibilities, managed expectations

















## **Lessons learned**

- Permitting
- Collecting physical samples
- Resources
- Interest from passenger











## Lessons learned from creating our own app

